

NEW AL WUROOD INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL, JEDDAH

Affiliated to CBSE – New Delhi, No:5730008



EVALUATION – 1 (2017 – 2018)

Subject: ENGLISH

Invigilator's Signature

Date: 13.06.17

Set: B

Time: 2 Hours

Class: 5 Sec: _____

Max Marks: 50

Name: _____

Roll No. : _____

SECTION	A	B	C	TOTAL MARKS
MAX.MARKS	10	25	15	50
MARKS OBTAINED				
MARKS AFTER SCRUTINY				

Scrutinizer's Signature

Examiner's Signature

Instructions to the Candidates:

1. Please check that this question paper contains all the printed pages.
2. All answers must be written in the space provided.
3. Do not write anything in the margin.
4. Do not leave the examination hall without handing over the answer paper to the invigilator.

SECTION A – (READING)

1 Read the following and answer the questions:

(10 marks)

PENGUINS

Description: The emperor penguin is the world's largest and tallest penguin. It is also heaviest penguin, with some individuals recorded at nearly 100 pounds. Adults have black head, back, tail, and wings. The underparts are dingy white. The sides of the neck are marked with a large golden or yellow stripe. In addition, there is a varying amount of gold on the upper breast. Like most penguins, the emperor penguin has thick, waterproof feathers that cover the entire body except the bill and feet. Emperor penguins normally live about 20 years in the wild, though some individuals have been recorded at 40 years of age.

Diet: Crustaceans, krill, and small fish. Emperor penguins will dive to depths of 800 feet in search of food. Most dives last 3-6 minutes.

Predator: Sharks, leopard seals, and orcas. Chicks are vulnerable to predation from South polar skuas.

Range: The emperor penguin is found throughout the Antarctic perimeter. It is the only species of penguin to breed during Antarctic winter. Breeding takes place about 60 miles from the coast in the Antarctic interior, where temperatures regularly drop to -40 Celsius. The trek from the Antarctic coastline to the breeding grounds was the inspiration for the movie "March of the Penguins."

Nesting: Female emperor penguins lay a single egg in May or June. After the egg has been laid, the female must immediately feed in the ocean. First, the egg is carefully transported to the male, who incubates the egg under a brood patch that rests above the feet. Occasionally, the transfer is unsuccessful and the egg rolls onto the ice and instantaneously freezes. The male will incubate the egg for up of 65 days!

During this time, he will not eat a single meal. On particularly cold days, hundreds of male penguins may gather together in a compact huddle to warm themselves in the pounding Antarctic winds. In about two months, the female returns and locates her mate

and chick by sound. She brings up food stored in her stomach to feed the growing chick. The male then takes his turn feeding in the ocean and return after about a month, at which point both parents tend to the chick by regurgitating (bringing swallowed food up) and keeping it off the ice. Once the chick is about seven weeks old, it joins other chicks in a creche (huddle) to keep warm.

Status: Population of emperor penguins are thought to be stable. Estimates indicate about 200,000 breeding pairs.

1.) Which of the following animals only preys on penguin chicks?

- a.) orcas
- b.) sharks
- c.) seals
- d.) skuas

2.) Select all of the following that are TRUE.

- a.) After the egg is laid, the male ventures off to the sea first.
- b.) Both parents will feed chicks by regurgitating food.
- c.) The female locates her chick by sound.

3.) The under parts of the body is _____ in colour.

4.) Which of the following is NOT true?

- a.) After the female lays the egg, the male must immediately feed in the ocean.
- b.) Sometimes, the egg transfer from the female to male results in the egg freezing
- c.) The female lays an egg during the Antarctic winter.
- d.) The male incubates for more than two months without eating

5.) What color is the tail of the emperor penguin?

- a.) white
- b.) yellow
- c.) black
- d.) orange

6.) Where do emperor penguins breed?

- a.) along the coast
- b.) South America
- c.) in the water
- d.) the Antarctic interior

7.) Which of the following is NOT part of the diet of the emperor penguin?

- a.) insects
- b.) krill
- c.) fish
- d.) crustaceans

8.) How many eggs are laid by the female emperor penguin?

- a.) 0
- b.) 2
- c.) 3
- d.) 1

9.) What does a male do later in his turn?

- a.) The egg transfer
- b.) The female feeds in the ocean while the male incubates.
- c.) The male feeds in the ocean while the female tends to the chick.
- d.) The young penguin joins a crèche.

10.) At the end of the passage, a line reads "Population of emperor penguins are thought to be stable. Estimates indicate about 200,000 breeding pairs. "What does stable mean?

- a.) uncertain
- b.) staying the same
- c.) decreasing
- d.) increasing

SECTION B – (WRITING AND GRAMMAR)

I Write a journal entry about one of your Community helpers. (5marks)

II Write a paragraph to compare and contrast your daily routine with Raghu the washerman's.

Use the words like, both, but, however, and while to show the similarities and differences.

(5marks)

III Complete each sentence with the correct form of verb given in the bracket.

(2marks)

1. At the party yesterday the magician _____ (fool / fooled) me with his clever allusions.

2. Last week I _____ (learn / learnt) to say hello and good bye in French.
3. My brother _____ (read / reads) the story books every morning.
4. A new book was _____ (publish / published) last week.

IV Underline the simple past verbs. Circle the past continuous verbs. (4marks)

1. It was snowing in the mountains when we got up yesterday.
2. I was writing my blog on the internet while you came.
3. Jerry was having dinner when the lights went out.
4. Somebody knocked at the door while I was reading the newspaper.

V Complete each sentence by adding more alliteration. (4marks)

1. Elephants enjoy eating _____
2. Jimmy saw a jellyfish _____
3. Grandma gave me great _____
4. Becky baked _____

VI Identify the rhyming words and name the rhyme scheme of this poem.

(2marks)

I WANDER'D lonely as a cloud
That floats on high o'er vales and hills
When all at once I saw a crowd,
A host, of golden daffodils;
Beside the lake, beneath the trees,
Fluttering and dancing in the breeze.

VII Identify the object and the metaphor used in the sentence. (3marks)

1. The lawyers were sharks in the ocean of the courtroom.

2. Life is one long scary roller coaster.

3. The moon is lantern in the sky.

SECTION C – LITERATURE

I Answer the following questions: (15marks)

1. Do you think Chakravarty was a good detective? Why? (2marks)

2. What does Raghu do at dhobi ghat every day? (2marks)

3. Write a summary of the poem The Skylark in your own words. (2marks)

II Make sentence of the following words: (4 marks)

1. salvaged:

2. glared:

3. owed:

4. shack:

III Who said this to whom?

(2 marks)

1. Amma, can I have butterscotch next?

2. “Those are our olives, you know. Ours!”

IV Fill in the blank with the correct answer:

(3 marks)

1. Chakravarthy looked at the little girl through his _____.

2. The policeman tried to _____ the crying woman.

3. Chakravarthy hoped to catch _____ and _____.